## MATH 101: ALGEBRA I MIDTERM EXAM

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Problem	Score
1	
2	
3	
4	



Date: 11 October 2016.

**Problem 1**. Let G be a group. Indicate if the following statements are true or false. If true, give a proof; if false, give an explicit counterexample.

(a) If  $H, H' \trianglelefteq G$  and  $G/H \simeq G/H'$ , then  $H \simeq H'$ .

(b) If  $H, H' \leq G$  and  $H \simeq H'$ , then  $G/H \simeq G/H'$ .

(c) If K, K' are groups and  $G \times K \simeq G \times K'$ , then  $K \simeq K'$ .

**Problem 2**. Let R be a Euclidean domain with norm N.

(a) Let

$$m = \min(\{N(a) : a \in R, a \neq 0\}).$$

Show that every nonzero  $a \in R$  with N(a) = m is a unit in R.

(b) Deduce that a nonzero element of norm zero in R is a unit; show by an example that the converse of this statement is false.

(c) Let F be a field and let R = F[[x]]. Show that R is Euclidean. What does part (a) tell you about  $R^{\times}$ ? What are the irreducibles in R, up to associates?

**Problem 3.** Let F be a field and let  $V = Mat_{2\times 3}(F)$  be the F-vector space of  $2 \times 3$ -matrices.

(a) The group  $\operatorname{GL}_2(F)$  acts on V by left multiplication. For  $M, M' \in V$ , the relation  $M \sim M'$  if and only if M' = AM for some  $A \in \operatorname{GL}_2(F)$  defines an equivalence relation on V.

What are the equivalence classes (i.e., the *orbits* of the action)?

(b) Show that this action  $\operatorname{GL}_2(F) \circlearrowright V$  induces an injective group homomorphism  $\phi : \operatorname{GL}_2(F) \hookrightarrow \operatorname{Aut}_F(V).$ 

(c) Under the isomorphism  $\operatorname{Aut}_F(V) \simeq \operatorname{GL}_6(F)$  given by the basis of matrix units, describe  $\phi$  explicitly.

**Problem 4**. For the purposes of this exercise, we say that an isomorphism of F-vector spaces is *natural* if it does not depend on a choice of basis.

Let F be a field and let V, W be finite-dimensional vector spaces over F. Show that there is a (well-defined) natural isomorphism of F-vector spaces

 $\phi: V^* \otimes_F W \xrightarrow{\sim} \operatorname{Hom}_F(V, W).$