

MATH 101: GRADUATE LINEAR ALGEBRA
WEEKLY HOMEWORK #5

Problem W5.1. Let R be a ring and let

$$(*) \quad 0 \rightarrow M \xrightarrow{\psi} N \xrightarrow{\phi} Q \rightarrow 0$$

be a short exact sequence of (left) R -modules. A *retraction* of $(*)$ is an R -module homomorphism $\rho: N \rightarrow M$ such that $\rho \circ \psi = \text{id}_M$.

Show that $(*)$ is split if and only if $(*)$ has a retraction.

Problem W5.2. Let k be a field, let $R = \begin{pmatrix} k & k \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix} \subseteq M_2(k)$ be the subring of upper-triangular matrices. Let $P = \begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & k \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix}$. Show that P and Q are projective left R -modules that are not free.

Problem W5.3. Let R be a ring and let P be a projective (left) R -module that has R as a direct summand. Show that if $P \oplus R^m \simeq R^n$ with $n > m$, then P^{m+1} is free.

Problem W5.4. Let $f: \mathbb{Z}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^n$ be a homomorphism of groups.

- (a) Show that if f is surjective, then f is injective.
- (b) Show that if f is injective, then $\text{coker } f$ is a finite group.