## Optional Assignment on Nets Please do NOT turn in.

- 1. Suppose that X is a first countable space. Show that each  $x \in X$  has a neighborhood basis of open sets  $\{U_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  such that  $U_{n+1} \subseteq U_n$ .
- 2. Let X and Y be  $1^{st}$  countable spaces.
- (a) Show that  $\mathcal{O} \subseteq X$  is open in X if and only if every sequence converging to some  $x \in \mathcal{O}$  is eventually in  $\mathcal{O}$ .
- (b) Show that  $F \subseteq X$  is closed if and only if every convergent sequence in F converges to a point in F.
- (c) Show that  $f: X \to Y$  is continuous if and only if whenever  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  coverges to  $x \in X$  then  $\{f(x_n)\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  converges to  $f(x) \in Y$ .
- (d)\* Let  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  be a sequence in X. Show that if  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  has a convergent *subnet*, then  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  has a convergent *subsequence*. (Hint: if  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  has an accumulation point, then it must have a convergent subsequence.)
- (e)\* Show that 1<sup>st</sup> countability is required in part (d). (Hint: let  $\ell^{\infty}$  denote the set of bounded sequences. If  $\alpha = \{\alpha_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty} \in \ell^{\infty}$ , let  $I_{\alpha}$  be any closed bounded interval in  $\mathbf{R}$  such that  $\alpha_n \in I_{\alpha}$  for all n. Set

$$Z = \prod_{\alpha \in \ell^{\infty}} I_{\alpha}.$$

Consider the sequence  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  in the compact space Z defined by  $x_n(\alpha) = \alpha_n$ .)