

H

- a 2X-34-59-67/19-26-45-78
- b 0X-29-36-78/01-25-6X-89
- c 03-16-24-79/02-57-38-69
- ba 02-X5-47-68/09-64-2X-71
- ab 05-37-X9-48/07-4X-65-18
- ac 4X-02-57-19/16-09-47-35

a b c
 $\begin{matrix} \diagup & \diagdown \\ b & a \\ \diagdown & \diagup \\ a & b \end{matrix}$

On Symmetry

(A) is not dual-symmetric \therefore must be on the mirror. So (C) must be dual-symmetric - this checks

Aha! we could have deduced this from the existence of the 2-sided faces!

