Assignment on Lines

- 1. Find the vector and parametric equations for the line through the point P = (2, 5, -1) and parallel to the vector $\mathbf{v} = (-3, 1, 2)$.
- 2. Find the vector and parametric equations for the line through the point P = (5, 8, -6) and parallel to the vector $\mathbf{v} = 2\mathbf{i} 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$.
- 3. Find the vector and parametric equations for the line through the points P = (4, 1, -8) and Q = (2, 3, 5).
- 4. Find the angle between the lines l_1 and l_2 given by: $l_1 : \mathbf{r} = (1 2t, 3 + t, 4 5t)$ and $l_2 : \mathbf{r} = (-1 s, 4 2s, -1 + 2s)$.
- 5. Find the parametric equations of the line through (3, -1, 2) and parallel to the line $\mathbf{r} = (2 3t, 7 + t, 8 + 5t)$.
- 6. Find the vector form of the line through the point (5, 2, -3) and orthogonal (orthogonal is a \$25 word for perpendicular) to the lines $\mathbf{r} = (2 + t, 3 2t, 4 5t)$ and $\mathbf{r} = (1 t, 2t, 3 + 4t)$.
- 7. Determine whether the lines l_1 and l_2 are parallel, skew, or intersecting. If they intersect, find their point of intersection.
 - (a) l_1 : x = 4 t, y = 2t, z = 3 + 4t, and l_2 : x = 2 + 3s, y = 1 s, z = 4 + s.
 - (b) l_2 : $\mathbf{r} = (3 4t, 2 + t, 2t)$, and $\mathbf{r} = (3 + 2s, 1 s, 8 + 3s)$