

Daily Homework #16

$$17. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1-x_i^2}{4+x_i^2} \Delta x \quad [2, 6]$$
$$= \int_2^6 \frac{1-x^2}{4+x^2} dx$$

$$20. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i^*}{(x_i^*)^2+4} \Delta x \quad [1, 3] = \int_1^3 \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx$$

$$18. \int \cos^4 \theta \sin \theta d\theta = - \int \cos^4 \theta (-\sin \theta d\theta)$$

let $u = \cos \theta$
 $du = -\sin \theta d\theta$

$$= - \int u^4 du$$
$$= -\frac{1}{5} u^5 + c = \boxed{-\frac{1}{5} \cos^5 \theta + c}$$

$$22. \int \frac{\cos(\pi/x)}{x^2} dx = \frac{-1}{\pi} \int \cos(\pi/x) \left(\frac{-\pi}{x^2} dx \right)$$

let $u = \pi/x = \pi x^{-1}$
 $du = -\pi/x^2 dx$

$$= \frac{-1}{\pi} \int \cos(u) du$$
$$= -\frac{1}{\pi} \sin u + c$$
$$= \boxed{-\frac{1}{\pi} \sin(\pi/x) + c}$$

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28. $\int x^2 \sqrt{2+x} dx$

$u = 2 + x \quad du = dx$

$x = u - 2$

$$\begin{aligned} \int (u-2)^2 \sqrt{u} du &= \int (u^2 - 4u + 4) \sqrt{u} du \\ &= \int u^{5/2} - 4u^{3/2} + 4u^{1/2} du \\ &= \frac{2}{7} u^{7/2} - \frac{4 \cdot 2}{5} u^{5/2} + \frac{4 \cdot 2}{3} u^{3/2} + C \\ &= \frac{2}{7} (x+2)^{7/2} - \frac{8}{5} (x+2)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{3} (x+2)^{3/2} + C. \end{aligned}$$

36. $\int_0^1 (3t-1)^{50} dt$

let $u = 3t-1$
 $du = 3 dt$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 (3t-1)^{50} (3 dt) \quad \text{remember to change the bounds!} \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \int_{-1}^2 u^{50} du \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{51} u^{51} \Big|_{-1}^2 \right) = \frac{1}{153} (2^{51} + 1) \end{aligned}$$

48. $\int_0^4 \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2x}} dx$

let $u = 1+2x$
 $du = 2 dx$

$x = \frac{u-1}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} \int_1^9 \frac{\frac{u-1}{2}}{\sqrt{u}} du \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int_1^9 u^{1/2} - u^{-1/2} du \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} - 2u^{1/2} \Big|_1^9 \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{3} (9)^{3/2} - 2(9)^{1/2} - \frac{2}{3} (1)^{3/2} + 2(1)^{1/2} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{3} (27) - 2(3) - \frac{2}{3} + 2 \right) \\ &= 3 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{3} \end{aligned}$$