

**Problem i)** [Benjamin and Quinn, Section 7.7, Exercise 1] In class we proved that  $H_n = \frac{c(n+1,2)}{n!}$  by counting certain permutations in two ways. Provide an alternative proof of this identity by following these steps:

- Write  $H_n = \frac{a_n}{n!}$  (in other words, define  $a_n = n!H_n$ ).
- Use the fact that  $H_n = H_{n-1} + \frac{1}{n}$  to derive a recurrence for  $a_n$ .
- Prove that  $a_n = c(n+1, 2)$  by showing that the both  $a_n$  and  $c(n+1, 2)$  satisfy the same recurrence with the same initial conditions.

**Problem j)** [Benjamin and Quinn, Identity 196] Modify the proof seen in class of the identity

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k c(n, k) = c(n+1, 2)$$

to prove that

$$\sum_{k=m}^n c(n, k) \binom{k}{m} = c(n+1, m+1)$$

for any  $m$  and  $n$ .