

let $Q(t)$ be the concentration of salt at time t .

$$\text{Total rate} = \text{rate in} - \text{rate out} = \text{oz/min}$$

$$\frac{\text{Rate in}}{Q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \sin t \right) \frac{\text{oz}}{\text{gal}} \cdot 2 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2} \sin t \text{ oz/min.}$$

$$\frac{\text{Rate out}}{Q_{\text{out}}} = \frac{Q \text{ oz}}{100 \text{ gal}} \cdot \frac{2 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} = \frac{Q}{50} \frac{\text{oz}}{\text{min}}$$

$$\begin{cases} Q'(t) = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \sin t - \frac{Q}{50} \\ Q(0) = 50 \text{ oz} \end{cases}$$

Solve IVP.

$$Q' - \frac{Q}{50} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \sin t$$

use integrating factor.

1-find μ $\mu(t) = e^{\int -\frac{1}{50} dt} = e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$

2- multiply.

$$e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} Q' - \frac{1}{50} e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} Q = (1 + \frac{1}{2} \sin t) e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

3- Rewrite

$$\frac{d}{dt} (e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} Q) = e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} + \frac{1}{2} \sin t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

4- Integrate

$$e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} Q = -50 e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} + \frac{1}{2} \int \sin t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} dt$$

Integrate by parts.

$$\int \sin t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} dt$$

$$= \sin t (-50 e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}) + 50 \int \cos t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} dt$$

$$= \sin t (-50 e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}) + 50 \left(\cos t (-50 e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}) + 50 \int \sin t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} dt \right)$$

collect like terms.

$$(1 + 50^2) \int \sin t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} dt = -50 \sin t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} - 50^2 \cos t e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

$$u = \sin t$$

$$du = \cos t dt$$

$$u = \cos t$$

$$du = -\sin t dt$$

$$v = -50 e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

$$dv = e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} dt$$

$$v = -50 e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

$$dv = e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} dt$$

$$\rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} Q = \left(-50 - \frac{50}{(1+50^2)} (\sin t - 50 \cos t) \right) e^{-\frac{1}{50}t} + C$$

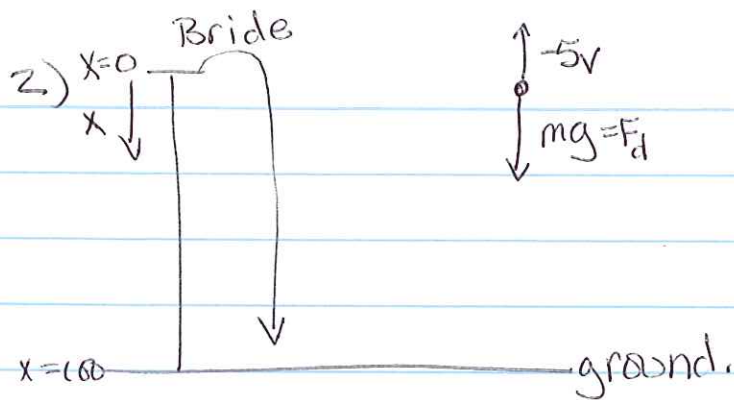
$$\rightarrow Q(t) = -50 \left(1 + \frac{1}{(1+50^2)} (\sin t - 50 \cos t) \right) + C e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$

Now Find the constant using the initial condition.

$$Q(0) = -50 \left(1 + \frac{1}{(1+50^2)} (-50) \right) + C = 50.$$

$$\rightarrow C = \frac{50}{1+50^2}$$

$$\rightarrow Q(t) = -50 \left(1 + \frac{1}{1+50^2} (\sin t - 50 \cos t) \right) + \frac{50}{1+50^2} e^{-\frac{1}{50}t}$$



$$\begin{cases} mv' = mg - 5v \rightarrow v' = 9.8 - v/10 \\ v(0) = -10 \end{cases}$$

We can solve this using the integrating factor

$$v' + \frac{1}{10}v = 9.8$$

1- $\mu(t) = e^{\int \frac{1}{10} dt} = e^{v/10 t}$

2- multiply $e^{v/10 t} v' + \frac{1}{10} e^{v/10 t} v = 9.8 e^{v/10 t}$

3- rewrite $\frac{d}{dt} (e^{v/10 t} v) = 9.8 e^{v/10 t}$

4- integrate

$$e^{v/10 t} v = 9.8 (10) e^{v/10 t} + C$$

$$\rightarrow v(t) = \left(98 + C e^{-v/10 t} \right)$$

$$v(0) = 98 + C = -10 \rightarrow C = -108$$

$$v(t) = 98 - 108 e^{-v/10 t}$$

Position is given by $x(t) = \int v(t) dt$

We know $x(0) = 0$.

$$x(t) = 98t + 1080 e^{-v/10 t} + C$$

$$x(0) = 1080 + C = 0 \rightarrow C = -1080$$

$$x(t) = 98t + 1080 e^{-v/10 t} - 1080$$