

Worksheet #9

Find the general solution of the differential equation.

(1) $y'' + 2y' = 4 \sin 2t$

1- Find homogeneous soln.

$$r^2 + 2r = 0 \rightarrow r = 0, -2 \rightarrow y_1(t) = 1, y_2(t) = e^{-2t}$$

2- Guess for particular soln.

$$Y(t) = A \cos 2t + B \sin 2t$$

$$Y' = -2A \sin 2t + 2B \cos 2t$$

$$Y'' = -4A \cos 2t + 4B \sin 2t$$

$$Y'' + 2Y' = -4A \cos 2t - 4B \sin 2t + 2(-2A \sin 2t + 2B \cos 2t) = 4 \sin 2t$$

$$= (-4A + 4B) \cos(2t) + (-4B - 4A) \sin(2t) = 4 \sin 2t$$

$$\rightarrow -4A + 4B = 0 \rightarrow A = B \quad -4B - 4A = 4$$

$$-8B = 4 \rightarrow B = -1/2$$

(2) $y'' + 2y' + y = 2e^{-t} + 5t$

1- Find homogeneous solution.

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

$$r^2 + 2r + 1 = 0 \rightarrow (r+1)^2 = 0 \rightarrow y_1(t) = e^{-t} \quad y_2(t) = t e^{-t}$$

2- Find Particular soln.

Need to solve 2 non-homogeneous problems.

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 2e^{-t} \quad \& \quad y'' + 2y' + y = 5t$$

Guess $y_1(t) = At^2 e^{-t}$ since -1 is a root of the characteristic eqn w/ multiplicity 2.

$$y_1' = A(t^2 e^{-t} + 2t e^{-t}) = A e^{-t} (2t - t^2)$$

$$y_1'' = A e^{-t} [(2 - 2t) - (2t - t^2)]$$

$$= A e^{-t} [2 - 4t + t^2]$$

Plug this into the DE

$$\begin{aligned} Y_1'' + 2Y_1' + Y_1 &= Ae^{-t} [2 - 4t + t^2] + 2(Ae^{-t} (2t - t^2)) + At^2e^{-t} \\ &= Ae^{-t} [2 + t(-4 + 4) + t^2(-2 + 1)] \\ &= 2Ae^{-t} = 2e^{-t} \rightarrow A = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_1(t) = e^{-t} t^2$$

Now we solve $y'' + 2y' + y = 5t$

Guess $Y_2(t) = At + B$.

$$Y_2'(t) = A$$

$$Y_2''(t) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow Y_2'' + 2Y_2' + Y_2 = 2A + At + B = 5t$$

$$\rightarrow A = 5$$

$$2A + B = 0$$

$$\rightarrow B = -10$$

$$Y_2(t) = 5t - 10$$

so $y(t) = C_1 y_1(t) + C_2 y_2(t) + Y_1(t) + Y_2(t)$

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-t} + C_2 t e^{-t} + t^2 e^{-t} + 5t - 10$$