# Double Bubbles in $R^{n}$ and Other Spaces 

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#### Abstract

In 1884 Schwarz proved that a single round soap bubble provides the least-area way to enclose a given volume of air. In 2002 Hutchings, Morgan, Ritoré, and Ros proved that the familiar double soap bubble provides the least-area way to enclose and separate two given volumes. We'll discuss results and open questions in other spaces from $R^{n}$ to spheres $S^{n}$, hyperbolic space $H^{n}$, Gauss space, and tori, including work by undergraduates. No prerequisites; undergraduates welcome.


