Errata to Morita Equivalence and Continuous-Trace C^* -algebras

Iain Raeburn and Dana P. Williams

Updated: April 28, 2022

- **Page 8, Definition 2.1:** We should have emphasized that a left inner product *A*-module is defined similarly except that the inner product should linear in the first variable and satisfy $_{_{A}}\langle a \cdot x , y \rangle = a_{_{A}}\langle x , y \rangle$.
- Page 9, line -12: "faithful representation" should be faithful nondegenerate representation".
- Page 9, line -2: "sequilinear" should be "sesquilinear".
- Page 15, line 8: "cstar@group" should be omitted.
- **Page 15, line -4:** " $\langle x, x \rangle_A \ge 0$ " should be " $\langle x, x \rangle_0 \ge 0$ ".
- **Page 16, line -3:** "for all $x, y \in X$ " should be "for all $x \in X$ and $y \in Y$ ".
- Page 17, line 12: Delete " $x \in X$ and".
- **Page 18, line -5:** " X_A " should be " X_A ".
- **Page 22, line 11–12** Replace "then standard properties of the functional calculus imply" with "then, since f is odd and can be uniformly approximated with odd polynomials, standard properties of the functional calculus imply". (To see this, notice that if f is odd and $p_n \to f$ uniformly, then $\tilde{p}_n \to f$ uniformly with $\tilde{p}_n(x) = \frac{1}{2}(p_n(x) p_n(-x))$.)
- Page 24, line 10: "nonzero ideal A" should be "nonzero ideal in A".
- **Page 25, line 13:** " $\lambda \in C$ " should be " $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}$ ".
- Page 28, line 6: Change "monomorphism" to "a monomorphism".
- Page 36 lines 7 and 12: The reference "(2.23)" should be "(2.25)".
- Page 42, line 12: Replace "some mild smoothness conditions" with "some smoothness and growth conditions".

Page 42, line -13: ${}^{\prime}_{A}\langle x,y\rangle(t)$ " should be ${}^{\prime\prime}_{C_0(T,\mathcal{K}(\mathcal{H}))}\langle x,y\rangle(t)$ ".

Page 44, line –3: replace "for all $x \in X$ " with "for all $x \in X_0$ ".

Page 45, line 1: Replace "X" by "X₀".

Page 45, line -10: Replace "A - B-imprimitivity bimodule" with "A - B-pre-imprimitivity bimodule".

Page 52, line 13: "(x, c)" should be "(x, a)".

Page 56, line 10: Replace " $a \in J, b \in K$ " with " $a \in K, b \in J$ ".

Page 76, line 8: "for the the" should be "for the".

Page 77, line -5: " $\tilde{\phi}(B^n(\mathbf{U}, \mathcal{S}))$ " should be " $\tilde{\phi}(B^n(\mathbf{U}, \mathcal{R}))$ ".

- **Page 83, line 8:** " $N_x \cap \overline{W_{i_1,...,i_n}}$ " should be replaced by " $N_x \setminus \overline{W_{i_1,...,i_n}}$ ".
- **Page 84, line** -10: " $H^1(X, \mathcal{S})$ " should be $H^1(X, \underline{\mathbb{Z}})$ ".
- **Page 86, line 13:** " $H^1(X, \mathcal{S})$ " should be $H^1(X, \underline{\mathbb{Z}})$ ".
- **Page 87, lines 6 and 7:** A number of changes should be made to the last paragraph of Example 4.39. On line 6, $((-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2})/\sim)$ should be replaced by $(-\frac{1}{3}, 1)/\sim)$. On line 7, "sets $U_1 := \ldots$ are" should be replaced by "sets $U_1 := (-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}), U_2 := (0, \frac{2}{3})$ and $U_3 := (\frac{1}{3}, 1)$ are".

Page 87, line 20: In Lemma 4.40, " f_* " should be replaced by " f^* ", etc.

Page 89, line 8: "cohomology group" should be "cohomology groups".

Page 92, line -2: " $h(x) \in p^{-1}(U)$ has" should be " $x \in p^{-1}(X)$, h(x) has"

Page 93, line -10: "Mobius@Möbius" should be "Möbius".

Page 94, line 7: replace the union with $\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} (x_0 + n, x_1 + n)$.

Page 94, line 9: $h(x+n) = (\exp 2\pi i x, n).$

Page 97, line 5 " H^n " should be " H^1 ".

Page 100, line 8: Remark 4.64 is (slightly) inaccurate. The principal bundles in [77] are exactly the free G-spaces satisfying (c). These spaces are called *Cartan G-spaces* in [121]. If the orbit space (or base space of the bundle in [77]) is Hausdorff, then these spaces coincide with the free and proper G-spaces [121, Theorem 1.2.9]. In general, a free Cartan G-space need not be a proper G-space — see the example following Proposition 1.1.4 in [121]. In view of this, the second sentence of the remark should read "If G acts freely and satisfies (b) and (c), then G automatically acts properly; thus the locally compact principal bundles over Hausdorff spaces in [77] correspond to the free and proper G-spaces".

Page 103, lines 1 and 5: Replace "(1 - t, 1]" by "(t, 1]".

- Page 111, line 5 "=" should be " \cong ".
- Page 118, line -8: "in Dauns-Hofmann" should be "in the Dauns-Hofmann".
- **Page 120, line** -5: Replace " $q_{\mathbf{Y}}^F \circ \phi^F$ " with " $q_{\mathbf{Y}}^F \circ \phi$ ".
- **Page 124, lines 18 & 21:** Replace " $C_0(X)$ " with "C(X)".
- **Page 127, line 9:** " $B^{F_{ij}}$ " should be " $C(F_{ij})$ ".
- **Page 127, line 18:** " $\delta^2(A)$ " should be " $\delta(A)$ ".
- **Page 130, line 13:** Replace " $=a^{F_{ij}}p_i^{F_{ij}}$ " by " $=a^{F_{ij}}(v_{ij}^{F_{ij}})^*$ ".
- Page 130, lines −11−−1: The proof of Lemma 5.28(b) (i.e., the last paragraph on page 130) should be replaced by "Note B" on page 7 of these errata.
- **Page 131, line 18:** Both α and β must be $C_0(T)$ -linear.
- **Page 138, line 10:** " $\{U_{ij}\}$ should be " $\{U_i\}$ ".

Page 140, line 11: " $[\pi_{i,t}]$ " should be " $[\pi_{(i,t)}]$ ".

- Page 157, line 10: "induces an isomorphism".
- **Page 161, line** -12 The induced homomorphism f^* is also defined in Lemma 4.40.
- **Page 163, §6.3** The definition of $\operatorname{Ind}_{G}^{X}(A, \alpha)$ really doesn't make much sense unless X/G is Hausdorff. Fortunately, X/G is Hausdorff in all our applications.
- **Page 164, line 17:** "Ind^K_G(A, α)" should be "Ind^K_G(A, β)".
- **Page 175, line -11:** The formula " $f^*(s) := \Delta(s^{-1})f(s^{-1})^*$ " should be " $f^*(s) := \Delta(s^{-1})\alpha_s(f(s^{-1}))^*$."
- **Page 177, line -1:** Replace "Aut A" with "UM(A)".
- **Page 178, line –14:** " (B, B, β) " should be " (B, G, β) ".
- **Page 188, line 6:** " $f: G \to A$ " should be " $f: G^n \to A$ ".
- **Page 189, line 8–9:** If the *G*-action on *A* is not trivial, then it may not be the case that the product of Haar measure on *A* with the left Haar measure on *G* is a left-invariant measure on E_{ω} . However, the product of the Haar measure on *A* with a right Haar measure on *G* is *right*-invariant on E_{ω} .

The Mackey and Weil result from [99, Theorem 7.1] still applies, and E_{ω} has a locally compact topology compatible with its Borel structure.¹

- **Page 197, line** -3: Replace " $H^2(X;\mathbb{Z})^*$ " with " $H^0(T;\mathbb{Z})^*$ ".
- **Page 203, line -11:** "only if $\sigma(a) \subset [0, \infty)$ " should be replaced by "only if $a = a^*$ and $\sigma(a) \subset [0, \infty)$ ".
- **Page 204, line 8:** "and $\rho \in S(A)$ " should be "and ρ is a state on A".
- **Page 207, line 5:** Replace " $\notin B(\lambda; R)$." with " $\notin B(\lambda; R)$, where $B(\lambda; R) = \{\tau \in \mathbb{C} : |\tau \lambda| \le R\}$.
- **Page 210, line 14:** Replace " $\psi(a)$ " by " $\psi(a^*a)$ ".
- **Page 214, line 4:** "thus $S \in \hat{A}$ is open in \hat{A} if and only if ... in Prim A." should be replaced by " $S \subset$ Prim A is open if and only if { $\pi \in \hat{A}$: ker $\pi \in S$ } is open in \hat{A} ."
- Page 214, line -14: " $t \in \mathbb{T}$ " should be " $t \in T$ ".
- Page 214, line -12: "an isomorphism".
- Page 222, line 7: "an invariant infinite-dimensional subspace".
- Hooptedoodle A.51 on page 232: Comment: in a recent annoncement (July 2001), Nik Weaver has issued a preprint giving an example of a prime ideal which is not primitive.
- **Page 236, line –8:** "bilinear from $A \odot B$ " should be "bilinear from $A \times B$ ".
- **Page 239, Lemma B.6:** I can't follow the last paragraph of the proof. However, it suffices to prove the lemma with the *additional hypothesis* that A has an identity. Then the last paragraph of the proof can be replaced with the following observation:

Lemma Suppose that A is a C^* -algebra with identity and that C is a subset of the state space of A such that for all self-adjoint a, $||a|| = \sup\{|\rho(a)| : \rho \in C\}$. Then the convex hull of C is weak-* dense in the state space of A.

$$\sigma(t) \int_{A} g(t \cdot a) \, d\mu_A(a) = \int_{A} g(a) \, d\mu_A(a)$$

Then we get a left-invariant integral on $E_{\omega} = A \times G$ by

$$I(f) := \int_A \int_A f(a,t)\sigma(t)^{-1} d\mu_A(a) d\mu_G(t).$$

¹Although not strictly necessary, it might be interesting to note that we can exhibit a left invariant measure on E_{ω} directly. Let $\sigma : G \to (0, \infty)$ be the continuous homomorphism determined by

Proof. Let D be the closed convex hull of C. The functional calculus implies that a self-adjoint element a is positive if and only if $||a||_{1_A} - a$ has norm bounded by ||a||. Thus

$$a = a^*$$
 and $\rho(a) \ge 0$ for all $\rho \in C$ implies that $a \ge 0$. (1)

If the convex hull of C is not dense, then there is a state τ which is not in D. Thus τ has a convex neighborhood disjoint from D and Lemma A.40 implies that there is an $a \in A$ and an $\alpha \in \mathbf{R}$ such that

$$\operatorname{Re} \tau(a) < \alpha \leq \operatorname{Re} \rho(a) \quad \text{for all } \rho \in C.$$

Since $\rho(a^*) = \overline{\rho(a)}$ for any state ρ , we can replace a by $a_0 := \frac{1}{2}(a + a^*)$ so that

 $\tau(a_0) < \alpha \le \rho(a_0)$ for all $\rho \in C$.

It follows from (1) that $a_0 - \alpha 1_A \ge 0$. But then, since τ is positive, $\tau(a_0) \ge \alpha$. This is a contradiction and completes the proof.

- **Page 239, line** -6: Since we added the hypothesis that A have a unit to Lemma B.6, it no longer applies directly. However, if $\widetilde{\mathfrak{A}}$ is the C^* -subalgebra generated by \mathfrak{A} and the identity, then we can apply Lemma B.6 to $\widetilde{\mathfrak{A}}$ with the observation that every state of \mathfrak{A} extends to a state on $\widetilde{\mathfrak{A}}$ by Lemma A.6.
- **Page 245, line 2:** Replace "isomorphism ψ " with "isomorphism ϕ ".
- **Page 252, line 16:** Replace " $B \to M(B \otimes_{\max} D)$ " with " $C \to M(B \otimes_{\max} D)$ ".
- Page 262, line 1: Replace "Every C*-algebra" with "Every CCR C*-algebra".
- **Page 271, lines 5–14:** The argument proving that we can reduce to the case were G is σ -compact is badly flawed. A replacement for the first paragraph of the proof in given on page 6 of these errata as "Note A". Our proof and the result itself should be compared to [55, Lemma 2.53].
- **Page 273, line 9–10:** Replace "By multiplying a Bruhat ... on $\operatorname{supp}(f)$ " by "By multiplying a Bruhat approximate cross-section by a function in $C_c^+(G/H)$ which is identically one on $\operatorname{supp} f$ ".

Page 278, line 17: There is a missing " $d\mu(s)$ " in Equation (C.15).

Page 281, line 10: "cstar@group" should be omitted.

Page 287, line -5: "correspondence".

Page 288, line 4: " $f \cdot b =$ " should be " $f \cdot b(s) =$ ".

Page 288, line 9: Both "C(G/H)"'s should be " $C_0(G/H)$ ".

Page 290, line -5: " $||F||^2$ " should be $||F||_{\infty}^2$ ".

Page 290, line –3: " $||F||_{\infty}$ " should be " $||F||_{\infty}^2$ ".

- **Page 298, line 10:** Replace " $W(f \otimes h)$ " with " $W(f \otimes h)(r)$ ".
- Page 303, line -9: "An inductive limit" should be "A direct limit".
- Page 304, line 5: Replace "G/H" with "G/F".
- Page 304, lines 4 & 7: Comment: we used "0" to denote the identity element of any group. Which group should be clear from context.
- **Page 305, line 9:** Replace "locally convex space M" with "locally convex topological vector space M".
- **Page 307, line 11:** Replace " $f f_0 \in W$ " with " $f f_0 \in cW$ ".

Note A: The first paragraph of the proof of Proposition C.1 should be replaced with the following.

We claim it suffices to prove the result when when G is σ -compact. Let G_0 be a σ -compact open subgroup of G (such as that generated by any compact neighbourhood of e in G). Let I be a set of double coset representatives for $G_0 \setminus G/H$, so that G is the disjoint union

$$\bigcup_{a \in I} G_0 a H$$

Since G_0 is open, each double coset $G_0 a H$ is open, and since $\overline{G_0 a H} \subset G_0^2 a H = G_0 a H$, each double coset is also closed.² For each $a \in I$, let $H^a := a H a^{-1}$ and let ν^a be the Haar measure³ on H^a given by

$$\int_{H^a} f(\omega) \, d\nu^a(\omega) := \int_H f(ata^{-1}) \, d\nu(t) \quad \text{for } f \in C_c(H^a).$$

Let $H_0^a := H^a \cap G_0$. Since H_0^a is an open subgroup of H^a , the restriction of ν^a to H_0^a is a Haar measure ν_0^a on H_0^a . Since G_0 is σ -compact and H_0^a is a closed subgroup, we may assume that there is a Bruhat approximate cross section b_a for G_0 over H_0^a with respect to ν_0^a . Since G_0 is closed and open, we can extend b_a to a bounded continuous function on G by letting it be identically zero off G_0 . Suppose that $s \in G_0$ and $t \in H^a$. Then $st \in G_0$ implies $t \in H^a \cap G_0 = H_0^a$. Since b_a vanishes off G_0 and is approximate section for G_0 over H_0^a ,

$$\int_{H^a} b_a(st) \, d\nu^a(t) = \int_{H^a_0} b_a(st) \, d\nu^a_0(t) = 1 \quad \text{for all } s \in G_0.$$
(2)

Since the double cosets are both closed and open, we can define a bounded continuous function on G by

$$b(s) := b_a(sa^{-1})$$
 if $s \in G_0 aH$ for $a \in I$.

²If V is a symmetric neighbourhood of e in G and $A \subset G$, then $\overline{VA} \subset V^2A$. To see this, let $x \in \overline{VA}$. Then Vx is a neighbourhood of x and must meet VA. Thus $x \in V^2A$.

³Note that we can have $H^a = H^b$ without having $\nu^a = \nu^b$.

We claim that b is a Bruhat approximate cross section for G over H. We first check the integral condition. Let $x \in G$. Then there is a $a \in I$ such that x = sahwith $s \in G_0$ and $h \in H$. Then, in view of (2), we have

$$\int_{H} b(xt) \, d\nu(t) = \int_{H} b_a(sahta^{-1}) \, d\nu(t) = \int_{H^a} b_a(s\omega) \, d\nu^a(\omega) = 1.$$

Now let C be a compact set in G. Since CH meets at most finitely many double cosets, it suffices to assume that $C \subset G_0 aH$ for some $a \in I$ and prove that $\operatorname{supp} b \cap CH$ is compact. But $\{G_0 ah\}_{h \in H}$ is an open cover of C. Thus

$$C = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} C_i a h_i$$

for compact sets $C_i \subset G_0$ and $h_i \in H$. Therefore

$$\operatorname{supp} b \cap CH = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} \operatorname{supp} b \cap C_i aH.$$

If $s \in C_i$, $h \in H$ and $b(sah) \neq 0$, then $b_a(saha^{-1}) \neq 0$. This implies $saha^{-1} \in G_0$ and $aha^{-1} \in H_0^a$. That is, $sah \in C_i H_0^a \cdot a$. It follows that

$$\operatorname{supp} b \cap CH \subset \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} \left(\operatorname{supp} b_a \cap C_i H_0^a \right) \cdot a.$$

Our assumptions on b_a imply that the right-hand side is compact. It follows that b is the desired section, and it suffices to treat the σ -compact case as claimed.

Note B: This material replaces the last paragraph of the proof of Lemma 5.28 on page 130. (There is a problem with the partition of unity argument.)

Let $\{F_i\}, \{U_i\}, \{X_i\}$ and g_{ij} be as in Proposition 5.24. As in the proof of Proposition 5.15, given $t \in U_i$, we can find a $x_i \in X_i$ such that $\langle x_i, x_i \rangle_{C(F_i)} \equiv$ 1 near t. Thus be refining the cover $\{U_i\}$ if necessary, we can assume that $\langle x_i, x_i \rangle_{C(F_i)} \equiv 1$ on all of F_i . Now let $p_i \in A$ be such that $p_i^{F_i} =_{A^{F_i}} \langle x_i, x_i \rangle$. Then for each $t \in F_i$, Lemma 5.16 implies that $p_i(t)$ is a rank-one projection. A similar argument shows that any $v_{ij} \in A$ satisfying

$$v^{F_{ij}}_{ij} =_{A^{F_{ij}}} \langle x^{F_{ij}}_i, g_{ij}(x^{F_{ij}}_j) \rangle$$

has the properties required in (5.5).