

**MATH 251: ABSTRACT ALGEBRA I  
FINAL EXAM**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

<b>Problem</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Problem</b>	<b>Score</b>
1		6	
2		7	
3		8	
4		9	
5		10	

Total \_\_\_\_\_

**Problem 1.**

(a) List all solutions to  $x^2 = 1$  in  $Q_8$ .

(b) Let  $G = \langle x \rangle$  be a cyclic group of order 105. List the elements of order 7 in  $G$ .

(c) Are the groups  $\mathbb{Z}/8\mathbb{Z}$  and  $(\mathbb{Z}/16\mathbb{Z})^\times$  isomorphic? Explain.

(d) Let  $\sigma$  be the permutation

$$1 \mapsto 2 \quad 2 \mapsto 1 \quad 3 \mapsto 3 \quad 4 \mapsto 5 \quad 5 \mapsto 4 \quad 6 \mapsto 6$$

and let  $\tau$  be the permutation

$$1 \mapsto 6 \quad 2 \mapsto 1 \quad 3 \mapsto 2 \quad 4 \mapsto 4 \quad 5 \mapsto 3 \quad 6 \mapsto 5.$$

Compute the cycle decomposition of  $\rho = \sigma\tau^2$ . Is  $\rho$  even or odd?

**Problem 2.**

(a) What is the largest order of an element in  $S_{10}$ ?

(b) Let  $G$  be a group, and let  $H = \{a \in G : a^2 = 1\}$ . If  $G$  is abelian, show that  $H \leq G$ .  
Give an example of a nonabelian group  $G$  for which  $H$  is not a subgroup.

**Problem 3.**

(a) In a finite group  $G$ , show that the order of  $ab$  is equal to the order of  $ba$  for all  $a, b \in G$ .

(b) Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \in G = \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{R})$ . Compute  $C_G(A)$ .

(c) List all ideals of  $\mathbb{C}$ .

**Problem 4.**

(a) Show that  $\text{Inn}(D_8)$  is abelian. What is its isomorphism type?

(b) Let  $R$  be a commutative ring. Show that

$$I = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ b & 0 \end{pmatrix} : a, b \in R \right\} \subseteq M_2(R)$$

is a left ideal of  $M_2(R)$ . Is it a two-sided ideal?

**Problem 5.**

(a) Let  $\phi : R \rightarrow S$  be an isomorphism of rings. Carefully show that  $\phi$  restricted to  $R^\times$  yields an isomorphism  $\phi : R^\times \rightarrow S^\times$  of groups.

(b) List all abelian groups of order 450 up to isomorphism, giving their invariant factors and elementary divisors.

**Problem 6.**

- (a) Let  $R$  be an integral domain and  $I \subsetneq R$  a proper ideal. Must  $R/I$  be an integral domain? If so, give a proof; if not, give a counterexample.

- (b) Let  $R = (\mathbb{Z}/13\mathbb{Z})[i] = \{x + yi : x, y \in \mathbb{Z}/13\mathbb{Z}\}$ , with  $i^2 = -1$ . Find a zerodivisor in  $R$ .

**Problem 7.** Let  $G$  be a group and let  $N \trianglelefteq G$ . Show that  $G/N$  is abelian if and only if  $aba^{-1}b^{-1} \in N$  for all  $a, b \in G$ .



**Problem 8.**

(a) Let  $G$  be a group of order 42. Show that  $G$  has a normal subgroup  $H$  of order 7. If  $H \subseteq Z(G)$  and  $G/H$  is abelian, show that  $G$  is abelian.

(b) Let  $G$  be a group of order 105. Show that  $G$  has both a normal subgroup of order 5 and a normal subgroup of order 7.

**Problem 9.** Exhibit rigorously an isomorphism

$$G = \langle x, y, z : x^2 = y^3 = z^3 = xyz = 1 \rangle \xrightarrow{\sim} A_4.$$

You may assume that  $\#G = 12$ .

**Problem 10.** Let  $G$  be a group with  $\#G = p^2q$  where  $p, q$  are primes and  $p > q$ . Let  $H, K \leq G$  be distinct subgroups of order  $p^2$ .

(a) Show that  $H \cap K$  is a subgroup of order  $p$ .

(b) Show that  $N = H \cap K$  is normal in  $G$ .