

**MATH 11: MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS  
WEEK 5 REVIEW**

Mark the following true or false. If not otherwise specified,  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a function.

**Problem 1.** A figure 8 curve cannot occur as the level curve of a function  $f$ .

**Problem 2.** The function  $f(x, t) = \exp(x - t)$  is a solution of the equation  $f_{xx} = f_{tt}$ .

**Problem 3.**  $f_{xxy} = f_{yyx}$  if these partial derivatives exist and are continuous.

**Problem 4.** If  $f(x, y) = \sin x + \sin y$ , then  $|D_{\mathbf{u}}f(x, y)| \leq \sqrt{2}$  for all unit vectors  $\mathbf{u}$  and all points  $(x, y)$ .

**Problem 5.** If  $f$  has a local minimum at  $(a, b)$  and  $f$  is differentiable at  $(a, b)$ , then  $\nabla f = 0$  at  $(a, b)$ .

**Problem 6.** If  $f$  has two local maxima, then  $f$  must have a local minimum.

**Problem 7.** Suppose  $(a, b)$  is a critical point of  $f$  and  $D = f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2$  has  $D(a, b) > 0$  and  $f_{xx}(a, b) > 0$ . Then  $(a, b)$  is a minimum of  $f(x, y)$  under the constraint  $g(x, y) = 1$ .

**Problem 8.**

$$\int_2^3 \int_0^1 f(x, y) \, dx \, dy = \int_2^3 \int_0^1 f(x, y) \, dy \, dx.$$

**Problem 9.**

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^x \sqrt{x + y^2} \, dx \, dy = \int_0^x \int_0^1 \sqrt{x + y^2} \, dy \, dx.$$

**Problem 10.**

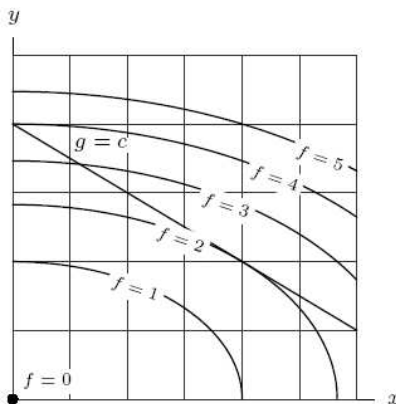
$$\int_3^5 \int_0^1 x^2 \sin(x^2 y^3) \, dx \, dy \leq 1.$$

**Problem 11.** The average value of  $f(x, y) = g(x)h(y)$  on the rectangle  $R = [a, b] \times [c, d]$  is equal to the product of the average value of  $g(x)$  on  $[a, b]$  and the average value of  $h(y)$  on  $[c, d]$ .

Short answer questions.

**Problem 1.** Classify the function  $f(x, y) = x^2y + xy$  at the origin: local max, local min, saddle point, we cannot tell, or not a critical point.

**Problem 2.** Find the maximum and minimum values of  $f$  on the curve  $g(x, y) = c$  within the region below.



**Problem 3.** What is the integral of  $f(x, y) = xy$  over the unit square  $[0, 1] \times [0, 1]$ ?

**Problem 4.** Let  $R$  be the square defined by  $-1 \leq x, y \leq 1$ . What is the sign of the integral of  $x^4$  over  $R$ ? Positive, negative, zero, or cannot be determined.

**Problem 5.** Under what hypotheses does Fubini's theorem apply?

**Problem 6.**  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{2-2x} f(x, y) dy dx$  is an integral over what region? Sketch it.

**Problem 7.**  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} (1 - x - y) dy dx$  computes the volume of a three-dimensional region. Sketch it.