

Week 1 - Operations on Functions

We can combine functions to get new ones:

$$(f+g)(x) = f(x) + g(x) \quad \text{Sum}$$

$$(f-g)(x) = f(x) - g(x) \quad \text{difference}$$

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x) \quad \text{product}$$

$$(f/g)(x) = f(x)/g(x) \quad \text{quotient}$$

Practice

Find the sum, difference, product, and quotient of

$$f(x) = x^2 + 1 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = x - 2$$

$$(f+g)(x) = x^2 + x - 1, \quad (f-g)(x) = x^2 - x + 1$$

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = x^3 - 2x + x - 2, \quad (f/g)(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 2}$$

Composition

Composition is applying a function to the output

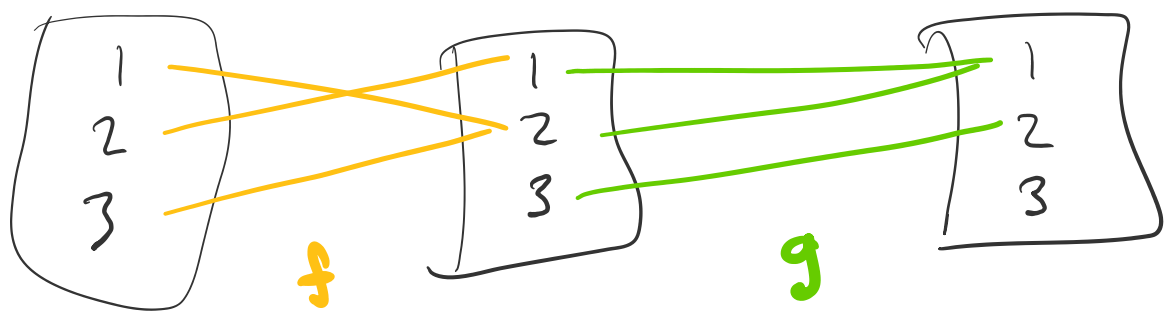
of another function: $(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$

with the black box perspective:

With the black box perspective:

$$x \rightarrow \boxed{f} \rightarrow \boxed{g} \rightarrow g(f(x))$$

↑ careful of order! ↑



→ Revisit Geogebra Visualization

How can we calculate a formula for $g \circ f$?

↳ Plug the formula for f into the formula for g .

e.g. $f(x) = x^2 + 2$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

↳ $(g \circ f)(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 2}$

Questions

Q1 How does the domain of $g \circ f$ compare to that of f ?

Q2 How does the range of $g \circ f$ compare to that of g ?

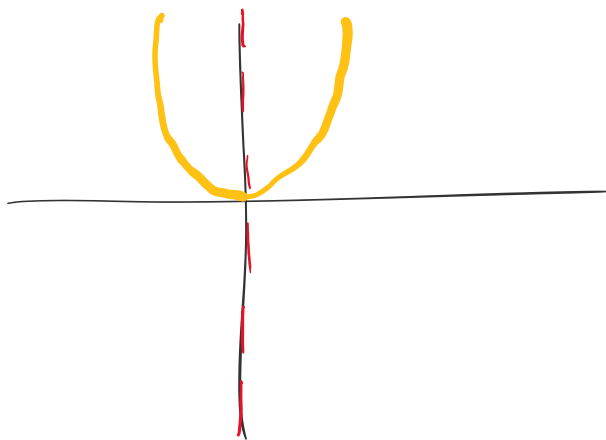
Q3 Does order matter? $f+g \stackrel{?}{=} g+f$, $f \cdot g \stackrel{?}{=} g \cdot f$
 $\frac{f}{g} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{g}{f}$, $g \circ f \stackrel{?}{=} f \circ g$

⚠ Warning! Don't confuse $g \circ f$ with $f \circ g$

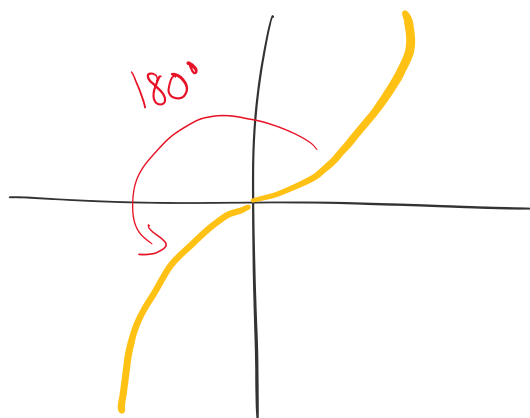
Warning Don't confuse $g \circ f$ with $g \cdot f$.

Composition vs. product

Symmetry



reflection symmetry
about the y-axis



(180°)-rotation symmetry
about the origin

Can a graph of a function be symmetric about the x-axis?

Some graphs have symmetry. If the graph of f has reflection symmetry about the y-axis, we call f even. If the graph of f has rotation symmetry about the origin, we call f odd.

Are all functions either even or odd? (misleading terminology)

Are all functions either even or odd? (terminology)

How can we express evenness and oddness with an equation?

$$f(-x) = f(x) \rightarrow f \text{ is even}$$

$$f(-x) = -f(x) \rightarrow f \text{ is odd}$$

Why do you think these functions are called even/odd?

Piecewise-Defined Functions

These functions are defined by different equations on different parts of their domain.

For example,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2 & x < -2 \\ 0 & -2 \leq x < 0 \\ x^2 & 0 \leq x \end{cases}$$

Q: Are p.w. functions always well-defined?
i.e. Can I write a "bad" definition of one?

One special piecewise-defined function is the absolute value

$$|x| = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ -x & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

Intuition: "makes everything positive (non-negative)"
"measures distance"

"measures distance"

What kind of function is 1-1?