Math 23 Winter 2006

Differential Equations

First Midterm Exam

Monday, January 30, 6-8 PM Bradley 101

Your name (please print):

Instructor: Chernov.

Instructions: This is a closed book, closed notes exam. Use of calculators is not permitted. You are allowed to bring one letter-size sheet of paper with any data you want written on it. You must justify all of your answers to receive credit, unless instructed otherwise in a given problem.

You have **two hours** to work on all **11** problems. The total score is the sum of your **10** best scores. Please do all your work in this exam booklet.

The Honor Principle requires that you neither give nor receive any aid on this exam.

Grader's use only

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Total: _____ /100

(1) Find the general solution to the differential equation y' = (y - 4)x. Solve the initial value problem y(0) = 5.

(2) Verify that $u(x, y) = \ln(x^2 + y^2)$ is a solution of the differential equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$.

(3) Find the integrating factor and use it to find the general solution of the differential equation xdy + (x+1)ydx = 0

(4) A 1000-liter tank originally contains 100 liters of pure water. A mixture containing the concentration of 0.1 kilograms of salt per liter enters the tank at the rate of 2 liters/minute. The well stirred solution leaves the tank at the rate of 1 liters/minute. Find the amount of salt in the tank 100 minutes into this process. You do not have to simplify the answer. (Please be careful when setting up the differential equation.)

(5) Solve the initial value problem. y'' + 4y = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2.

(6) Find the longest interval in which the solution of the initial value problem $ty'' + e^t y' + \cos(t)y = \tan t,$ y(1) = 2006, y'(1) = 1 is certain to exist. Explain your answer.

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(7) If y_1, y_2 are two linearly independent solutions of $t^2y'' - ty' + \cos(t)y = 0$ and if $W(y_1, y_2)(1) = 1$, find the value of $W(y_1, y_2)(3)$.

(8) Find the general solution of the differential equation $y'' + 9y = \frac{1}{\sin 3t}, 0 < t < \frac{\pi}{3}$.

(9) A spring-mass system has a mass of m kilogram and the spring constant equal to 4N/m. The motion take place in the viscous fluid that offers a resistance numerically equal to 4 times the magnitude of the instantaneous velocity. Find the value of m so that the system is critically damped. Explain your answer.

(10) Use the method of reduction of order to find a second solution of the given differential equation: $t^2y'' + ty' - y = 0$, $y_1(t) = t$. Show your work. Do not use some complicated general formulas.

(11) Find the general solution of the differential equation $y'' + y' = 7 + e^t$.